# **26GHz Radar Level Meter**

# **Product Manual**

Model: 903



# Directory

1、	Product Ov	verview	1
2、	Product Int	roduction	2
3、	The Install	ation Requirements	2
4、	The Electric	al Connection	4
5、	Instrument	Commissioning	7
6、	Structure S	ize	9
7、	Technical P	arameters	10
8、	Meter Linea	urity	11
9、	Product Mo	odel Selection	12
Ма	aterial level r	neter selection parameter table	13

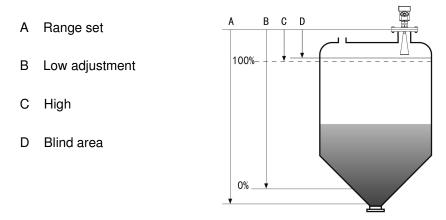
# 26GHz Radar Level Meter

### 1. Product Overview

This series of radar level meter adopted 26G high frequency radar sensor, the maximum measurement range can reach up to 70 meters. Antenna is optimized further processing, the new fast microprocessors have higher speed and efficiency can be done signal analysis, the instrumentation can be used for reactor, solid silo and very complex measurement environment.

#### • Principle

Radar level transmitter antenna microwave pulse is narrow, the downward transmission antenna. Microwave exposure to the medium surface is reflected back again by the antenna system receives, sends the signal to the electronic circuit automatically converted into level signals (because the microwave propagation speed, electromagnetic wave to reach the target and the reflected back to the receiver this time is almost instantaneous).



**Datum measurement:** Screw thread bottom or the sealing surface of the flange.

**Note:** Make sure the radar level meter the highest level cannot enter the measuring blind area (Figure D shown below).

#### • The characteristics of 26G radar level meter:

- > Small antenna size, easy to install; Non-contact radar, no wear, no pollution.
- Almost no corrosion, bubble effect; almost not affected by water vapor in the atmosphere, the temperature and pressure changes.
- Serious dust environment on the high level meter work has little effect.
- > A shorter wavelength, the reflection of solid surface inclination is better.
- Beam angle is small, the energy is concentrated, can enhance the ability of echo and to avoid interference.
- > The measuring range is smaller, for a measurement will yield good results.
- > High signal-to-noise ratio, the level fluctuation state can obtain better performance.

> High frequency, measurement of solid and low dielectric constant of the best choice.

# 2. Product Introduction

• 903



Application: Solid material, Strong dust easy to crystallize, condensation occasion Measuring Range: 70 meters Process Connection: Universal Flange Process Temperature: -40°℃~130°℃(Standard type) -40°C~250°C (High temperature type) Process Pressure: -0.1~4.0 MPa (Flat flange) -0.1~0.3MPa (Universal flange) Protection Grade: IP67 Accuracy: ±15mm Frequency Range: 26GHz Supply: 2-wire (DC24V) / 4-wire (DC24V / AC220V) Signal Output: 4... 20mA /HART (2-wire / 4-wire) RS485/ Modbus Outer Covering: Aluminum / Plastic / Stainless steel Explosion-proof Grade: Exia II C T6 Ga/ Exd II C T6 Gb

# 3. The Installation Requirements

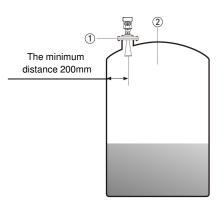
• Installation guide:

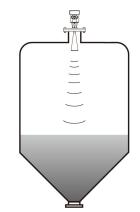
Be installed in the diameter of the 1/4 or 1/6. Note: The minimum distance from the tank wall should be 200mm.

Note: ① datum

2 The container center or axis of symmetry

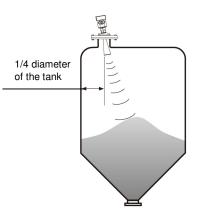
• The top conical tank level, can be installed at the top of the tank is intermediate, can guarantee the measurement to the conical bottom.





 A feed antenna to the vertical alignment surface.
 If the surface is rough, stack angle must be used to adjust the angle of cardan flange of the antenna to the alignment surface.

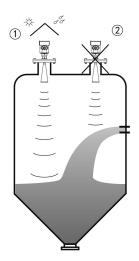
(Due to the solid surface tilt will cause the echo attenuation, even Loss of signal.)



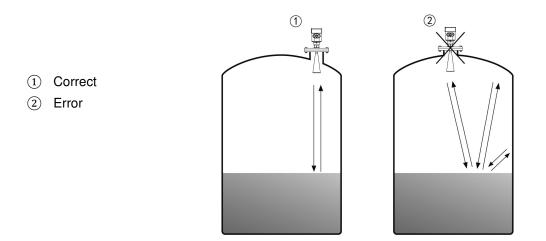
#### Typical installation errors:

Conical tank cannot be installed above the feed port.
 *Note*: outdoor installation should adopt sunshade.

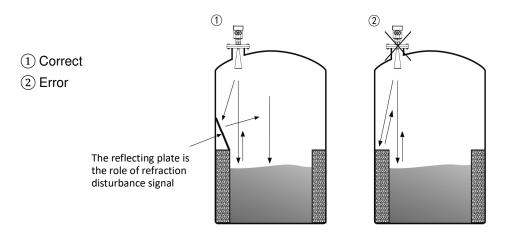
- ① Correct
- 2 Error rainproof measures



The instrument cannot be installed in the arched or domed roof intermediate. In addition to produce indirect echo is also affected by the echoes. Multiple echo can be larger than the real value of signal echo, because through the top can concentrate multiple echo. So cannot be installed in a central location.

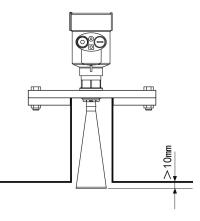


> There are obstacles affecting measurement needed reflection plate.



### • Height of nozzle:

Antenna extends into the tank at least 10mm distance.



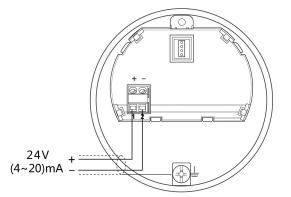
# 4. The Electrical Connection

## • The power supply voltage:

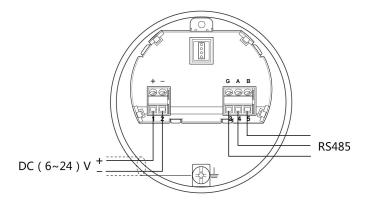
(4~20)mA/HART (Two wire system)	The power supply and the output current signal sharing a two core shield cable. The supply voltage range see technical data. For intrinsically safe type
	must be a safety barrier between the power supply
	and the instrument.
(4~20)mA/HART(Four wire system)	Separate power supply and the current signal, respectively using a two-core shielded cable. The supply voltage range see technical data.

#### • Connection mode:

24V two wire wiring diagram as follows:



> 24V RS485/Modbus wiring diagram as follows:



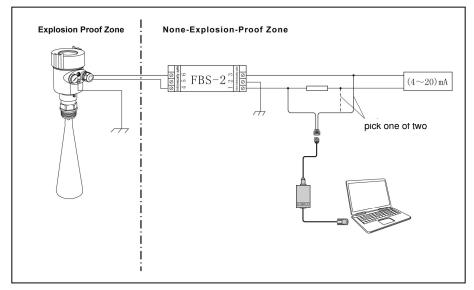
#### Explosion Proof Connection

The intrinsic safety version sensors (Exia IIc T6) use Alu-die casting housing and filling Silicone rubber sealant's internal structure aimed to prevent sparks resulted from circuit failure from leaking out. It is applicable for the continuous level measurement of flammable medium under Exia IIc T6.

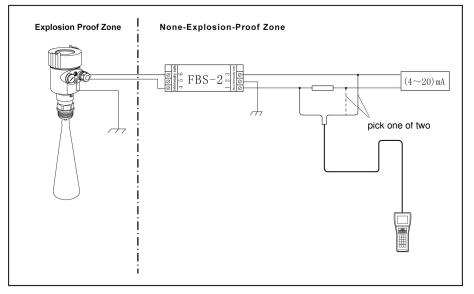
A safety barrier FBS-2 must be used together with the intrinsic safety instrument. It is an associated device to this product for the power supply of this product. The main specification is intrinsic safety: Exia IIC, voltage of power supply: 24V DC $\pm$ 5%, short-circuit current: 135mA, operating current: 4...20mA.

All cables must be shielded. The max length is 500m for the cable from the barrier to the sensor. Stray capacitor  $\leq$  0.1  $\mu$  F/Km, stray inductance 1mH/Km. Instrument must be

connected to the ground potential. Any unapproved associated device is not allowed to be used.



Adjustment with Software



Adjustment with HART Handheld Programmer

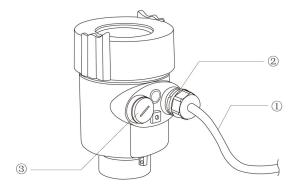
### • Safety instructions:

- > Please observe the local electrical code requirements!
- Please comply with local requirements for personnel health and safety regulations. All electrical components of instrument operation must be completed by the formal training of professionals.
- > Please check the instrument nameplate to provide product specifications meet your

requirements. Please make sure that the power supply voltage and instrument nameplate on the requirements.

#### • Protection grade:

This instrument meets the protection class IP66/67 requirements, please ensure the waterproof cable sealing head. The following diagram:



#### How to install to meet the requirements of IP67:

Please make sure that the sealing head is not damaged.

Please make sure that the cable is not damaged.

Please make sure that the cable for use with electrical connection specification.

Cable into the electrical interface before its curved downward, ensure that the water will not

flow into the shell, see the ①

Tighten the cable seal head, see the 2

Please electrical interface will not use blind plug tight, see the ③

## 5. Instrument Commissioning

#### • There are three kinds of debugging method:

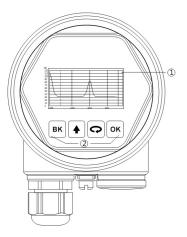
- 1) Display / Keyboard
- 2) Host debugging
- 3) HART handheld programmer

#### • Display / Keyboard:

Please debug the instrumentation by four buttons on the display screen. There are three debug menu languages optional. After debugging is generally used only for display, through the glass window can read measured value very clearly.

#### Display / Keyboard

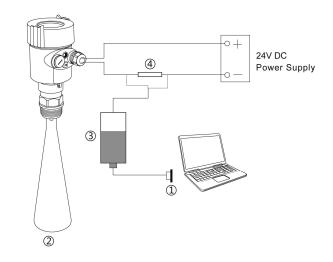
- 1 Liquid crystal display(LCD)
- 2 The key



• PC debugging:

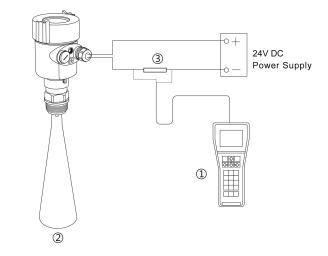
Connected to PC by HART

- 1 RS232 interface or USB interface
- $\textcircled{2} \ \text{Radar level meter}$
- ③ HART adapter
- (4) 250  $\Omega$  resistor



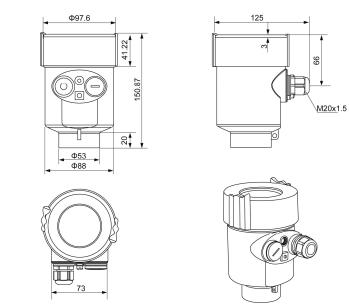
#### • HART handheld programmer:

- 1 HART handheld programmer
- 2 Radar level meter
- 3 250  $\Omega$  resistor

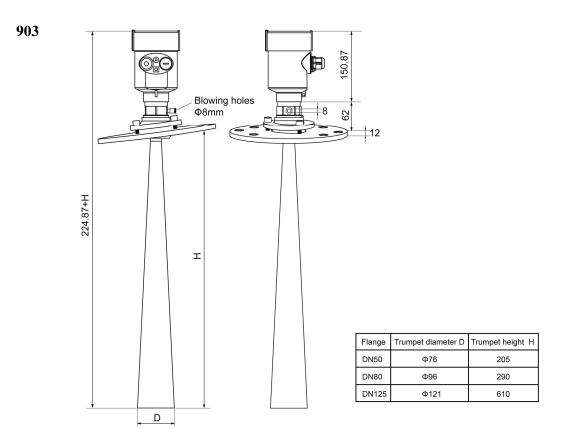


# 6. Structure Size (Unit: mm)

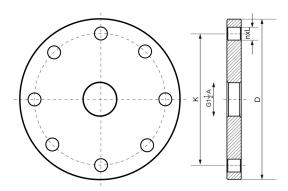
• The outer shell:



• Appearance size:



• Flange type:



Flange Selection Tables				
Specification	Outer diameter D	Hole center distance K	Number of Holes n	Hole diameter L
DN50	Φ165	Φ125	4	18
DN80	Φ200	Φ123	8	18
DN80	Φ200	Φ180 Φ180	° 8	
			-	18
DN125	Φ250	Φ210	8	18
DN150	Φ285	Φ240	8	22
DN200	Φ340	Φ295	12	22
DN250	Φ405	Φ355	12	26

# 7. Technical Parameters

Process Connection		
	Thread G1½" A	
	Thread 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " NPT	
	Flange	
Antenna Material		
	Stainless Steel	
The outer shell		
The seal between the sh	ell and the shell cover	Silicone rubber
Casing window		Polycarbonate
The ground terminal		Stainless steel
The power supply volta	ae	
Two wire system	5-	
	The standard type	(16 ~ 26) V DC
	Intrinsically safe	(21.6 ~ 26.4) V DC
	Power dissipation	max 22.5mA / 1W
	Allowable ripple	
	- <100Hz	Uss <iv< td=""></iv<>
	- (100 $\sim$ 100K) Hz	Uss <l0mv< td=""></l0mv<>
Flameproof		
	(22.8 ~ 26.4) V DC	2-wire system
	(198 ~242)V AC 4-wi	re system / 110V AC  4-wire system
The cable parameters		
Cable entrance / plug	1 M20xI.5 cable entrance	
ouble entrance , plug	1 blind plug	
Terminal	Conductor cross section 2.5mm <sup>2</sup>	
Output parameters		
The output signal	(4 ~ 20) mA/F	{S485

Communication protocol Resolution Fault signal	HART 1.6 µ A Constant current output; 20. 5mA 22mA 3.9mA	
The integral time	(0 ~ 36) s, adjustable	
Blind area	the ends of the antenna	
The maximum distance measurement     70 meters		
Microwave frequency	26GHz	
Communication interface	HART communication protocol	
The measurement interval	about 1 second (depending on the parameter settings)	
Adjust the time	about 1 second (depending on the parameter settings)	
Display resolution	1 mm	
Working storage and transpo	ortation temperature (-40 $\sim$ 100) $^{\circ}$ C	
Process temperature (the temperature of the antenna part)		
(-40 $\sim$ 130) $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$ Standard type / (-40 $\sim$ 250) $^\circ\!\!\mathbb{C}$ High temperature type		
Pressure	Max.4MPa	
Seismic	Mechanical vibration I0m/s <sup>2</sup> , (10 ~ 150) Hz	

# 8. Meter Linearity

Emission angle	Depending on the size of the antenna
-⊄46mm	18°
-⊄76mm	12°
-⊄96mm	8°
-⊄121mm	6°
Precision	See chart



## 9. Product Model Selection

• 903

#### License

- P Standard (Non-explosion-proof)
- I Intrinsically safe (Exia IIC T6 Ga)
- G Flameproof (Exd IIC T6 Gb)

#### **Process Connection / Material**

- G Thread G11/2"A / Stainless Steel 304
- N Thread 11/2" NPT / Stainless Steel 304
- B Flange DN80 / Stainless Steel 304
- C Flange DN100 / Stainless Steel 304
- D Flange DN125 / Stainless Steel 304
- E Flange DN150 / Stainless Steel 304
- M Flange DN80 / Universal joint
- K Flange DN100 / Universal joint
- T Flange DN125 / Universal joint
- Z Flange DN150 / Universal joint
- Y Special Custom

#### Antenna Type / Material

- B Horn Antenna Φ76mm / Stainless Steel 316L (With blow holes or dust cover)
- C Horn Antenna Ø96mm / Stainless Steel 316L (With blow holes or dust cover)
- D Horn Antenna Φ121mm / Stainless Steel 316L(With blow holes or dust cover)
- Y Special Custom

#### Seal Up / Process Temperature

- V Viton / (-40~130) ℃
- K Kalrez / (-40~250) °C

#### The Electronic Unit

- 3 (4~20) mA / 24V DC / HART two wire system
- 4 (4~20) mA / 220V AC / HART four wire system
- 5 RS485 Modbus / 6~24V/ Four wire system

#### **Outer Covering / Protection Grade**

- L Aluminum / Single chamber / IP67
- H Aluminum / Double chamber / IP67
- G Plastic / Single chamber / IP65
- K Stainless steel / Single chamber / IP67

#### Cable Line

- M M 20x1.5
- N 1⁄2″ NPT

#### Field Display/The Programmer

- A With
- X Without

# Material level meter selection parameter table

Customer information	
Company:	Contact:
Address:	Zip code:
The Telephone: Fax	x: Mobile phone:
E-mail:	Date:
License	
	-proof) 🛛 Intrinsically safe (Exia IIB T5)
	Intrinsically safe + marine license (Exia IIC T6
Ga)	
Flame proof (Exd IIC T6 Gb)	
Tank / Container Information	
The Types of Tank:	
	Separation Tank     Marine Tank
The Tank Structure:	
Material of Tank:	Pressure:
Tank size:	
Tank Height:	_ m Diameter:
The top of the tank:	
□ Vault □ Flat	□ Open □ Cone type
The bottom of the tank:	
□ Cone bottom □ Flat	□ Slope bottom □ Arc bottom
Installation:	
Top installation	Side installation
The bypass pipe mount	Guided wave pipe installation
Installation takes over the top of the	he tank (information):
Height of take over :	_ mm Diameter of take over : mm
Macaurament of Madium	
Measurement of Medium <i>Media name:</i> □ Liquid	□ Solid □ Mixed Media
Medium temperature:	
Dielectric Constant:	0
Linked material:  □ Yes	□ No
Mixing:	
Process Connection	
<i>Thread:</i> □ G1½" A □ 1	11⁄2″ NPT
Flange	□ Flange (ANSI= )
Power supply:	
-	/ DC Four wire system
Output:  □ 4-20mA  □ HART	
Display:  □ Take the meter display p	program